EXHIBIT "C"

EASEMENT AREA - PLAN

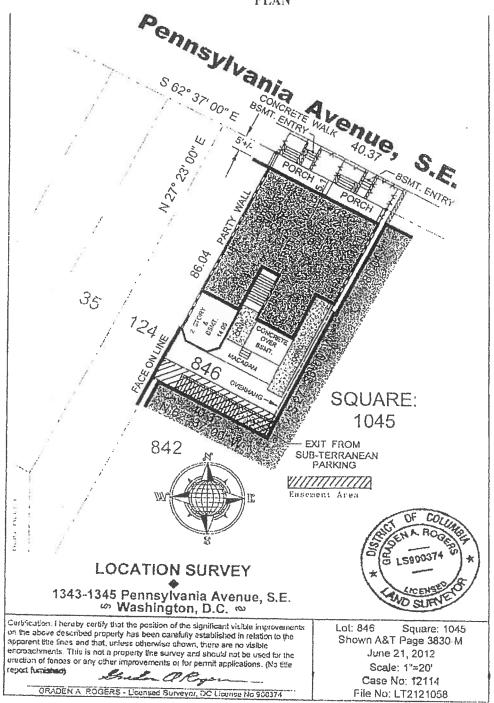


EXHIBIT C. FASEMENT AREA LIGAL DESCRIPTION

	Ses 1343 PENNSYLVANIA AVE, SE for the k Ses OYPICE SPACE ROT SEXUALLY ORIENTED EXPIRATION DATE: EX	otumbia Government 1308 purner and Regulatory Affairs and Regulation Administration Washington, D.C. 20002-7200 OF OCCUPANCY MALTIMENT. INC 1st & 2nd FLRS

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT



Application No. 17224 of JPI Apartments Development LP on behalf of Father Flanagan's Boys Home, et al, pursuant to 11 DCMR § 3103.2, for a variance from the lot occupancy requirements under section 772, and a variance from the residential recreation space requirements under section 773, to construct a five story mixed-use residential development including residential units, grocery store, and additional retail in the C-2-B District at premises Pennsylvania and Potomac Avenues, S.E. (Square 1045, Lots 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 834, 835, 838, and 839).

HEARING DATE:

October 26, 2004

DECISION DATE:

October 26, 2004 (Bench Decision)

SUMMARY ORDER

SELF-CERTIFIED

The zoning relief requested in this case was self-certified, pursuant to 11 DCMR § 3113.2.

The Board provided proper and timely notice of public hearing on this application, by publication in the D.C. Register, and by mail to Advisory Neighborhood Commission (ANC) 6B, the Office of Planning (OP) and to owners of property within 200 feet of the site. The site of the application is located within the jurisdiction of ANC 6B. ANC 6B submitted a letter in support of the application. The OP submitted a report recommending support of the application.

As directed by 11 DCMR § 3119.2, the Board required the applicant to satisfy the burden of proving the elements that are necessary to establish the case for a variance pursuant to 11 DCMR §§ 3103.2. No parties appeared at the public hearing in opposition to the application. Accordingly, a decision by the Board to grant this application would not be adverse to any party.

Based upon the record before the Board and having given great weight to the OP and ANC reports filed in this case, the Board concludes that the applicant has met the burden of proving under 11 DCMR §§ 3103.2, 772 and 773, that there exists an exceptional or extraordinary situation or condition related to the property that creates a practical difficulty for the owner in complying with the Zoning Regulations, and that the relief can be granted without substantial detriment to the

BZA APPLICATION NO. 17224 PAGE NO. 2

public good and without substantially impairing the intent, purpose, and integrity of the zone plan as embodied in the Zoning Regulations and Map.

Pursuant to 11 DCMR § 3101.6, the Board has determined to waive the requirement of 11 DCMR § 3125.3, that the order of the Board be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law. The waiver will not prejudice the rights of any party, and is not prohibited by law. It is therefore **ORDERED** that this application be **GRANTED**.

VOTE:

4-0-1

(Curtis L. Etherly, Jr., John A. Mann, II, Geoffrey H. Griffis and Ruthanne G. Miller to approve, the Zoning Commission member not present, not voting).

BY ORDER OF THE D.C. BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT Each concurring Board member has approved the issuance of this order.

ATTESTED BY:

JERRILY R. KRESS, FALA Director, Office of Zoning

FINAL DATE OF ORDER: OCT 2 8 2004

PURSUANT TO 11 DCMR § 3125.6, THIS ORDER WILL BECOME FINAL UPON ITS FILING IN THE RECORD AND SERVICE UPON THE PARTIES. UNDER 11 DCMR § 3125.9, THIS ORDER WILL BECOME EFFECTIVE TEN DAYS AFTER IT BECOMES FINAL.

PURSUANT TO 11 DCMR § 3130, THIS ORDER SHALL NOT BE VALID FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS AFTER IT BECOMES EFFECTIVE UNLESS, WITHIN SUCH TWO-YEAR PERIOD, THE APPLICANT FILES PLANS FOR THE PROPOSED STRUCTURE WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS FOR THE PURPOSES OF SECURING A BUILDING PERMIT.

PURSUANT TO 11 DCMR § 3125 APPROVAL OF AN APPLICATION SHALL INCLUDE APPROVAL OF THE PLANS SUBMITTED WITH THE APPLICATION FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A BUILDING OR STRUCTURE (OR ADDITION THERETO) OR THE RENOVATION OR ALTERATION OF AN EXISTING BUILDING OR STRUCTURE, UNLESS THE BOARD ORDERS OTHERWISE. AN APPLICANT SHALL CARRY OUT THE CONSTRUCTION, RENOVATION, OR ALTERATION ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS APPROVED BY THE BOARD.

BZA APPLICATION NO. 17224 PAGE NO. 3

THE APPLICANT IS REQUIRED TO COMPLY FULLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE HUMAN RIGHTS ACT OF 1977, D.C. LAW 2-38, AS AMENDED, AND THIS ORDER IS CONDITIONED UPON FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THOSE PROVISIONS. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE D.C. HUMAN RIGHTS ACT OF 1977, AS AMENDED, D.C. OFFICIAL CODE § 2-1401.01 ET SEQ., (ACT) THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DOES NOT DISCRIMINATE ON THE BASIS OF ACTUAL OR PERCEIVED: RACE, COLOR, RELIGION, NATIONAL ORIGIN, SEX, AGE, MARITAL STATUS, PERSONAL APPEARANCE, SEXUAL ORIENTATION, FAMILIAL STATUS, **FAMILY** RESPONSIBILITIES, MATRICULATION. POLITICAL AFFILIATION, DISABILITY, SOURCE OF INCOME, OR PLACE OF RESIDENCE OR BUSINESS. SEXUAL HARASSMENT IS A FORM OF SEX DISCRIMINATION WHICH IS ALSO PROHIBITED BY THE ACT. IN ADDITION, HARASSMENT BASED ON ANY OF THE ABOVE PROTECTED CATEGORIES IS ALSO PROHIBITED BY THE ACT. DISCRIMINATION IN VIOLATION OF THE ACT WILL NOT BE TOLERATED. VIOLATORS WILL BE SUBJECT TO DISCIPLINARY ACTION. THE FAILURE OR REFUSAL OF THE APPLICANT TO COMPLY SHALL FURNISH GROUNDS FOR THE DENIAL OR, IF ISSUED, REVOCATION OF ANY BUILDING PERMITS OR CERTIFICATES OF OCCUPANCY ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ORDER, RSN

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT

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BZA APPLICATION NO. 17224

As Director of the Office of Zoning, I hereby certify and attest that on OCT 2 8 200% a copy of the order entered on that date in this matter was mailed first class, postage prepaid or delivered via inter-agency mail, to each party and public agency who appeared and participated in the public hearing concerning the matter, and who is listed below:

Norman M. Glasgow, Jr., Esq. Holland & Knight LLP 2099 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Suite 100 Washington, D.C. 20006

Chairperson Advisory Neighborhood Commission 6B 921 Pennsylvania Avenue, S.E. Washington, D.C. 20003

Commissioner 6B07 Advisory Neighborhood Commission 6B 921 Pennsylvania Avenue, S.E. Washington, D.C. 20003

Sharon Ambrose, City Councilmember Ward Six 1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Suite 102 Washington, D.C. 20004

Toye Bello, Zoning Administrator
Building and Land Regulation Administration
Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs
941 N. Capitol Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002

Ellen McCarthy, Deputy Director Office of Planning 801 North Capitol Street, N.E. 4th Floor BZA APPLICATION NO. 17224 PAGE NO. 2

Washington, D.C. 20002

Alan Bergstein, Esq.
Office of Attorney the General
441 4th Street, N.W., 6th Floor
Washington, D.C. 20001

rsn

ATTESTED BY:

JERRILY R. KRESS, FALA Director, Office of Zoning GOVERNMENT

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

+ + + + +

BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT

+ + + + +

PUBLIC HEARING

+ + + + +

TUESDAY

OCTOBER 26, 2004

+ + + + +

The Public Hearing convened in Room 220 South, 441th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20001, pursuant to notice, at 9:30 a.m., Geoffrey H. Griffis, Chairperson, presiding.

BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT MEMBERS PRESENT:

GEOFFREY H. GRIFFIS Chairperson

RUTHANNE MILLER

CURTIS ETHERLY, JR. Board Member

JOHN MANN II

Vice Chairperson

Board Member (NCPC)

ZONING COMMISSION MEMBER PRESENT:

JOHN PARSONS

Commissioner

OFFICE OF ZONING STAFF PRESENT:

CLIFFORD MOY

BEVERLY BAILEY

JOHN NYARKU

Secretary

Zoning Specialist

Zoning Specialist

This transcript constitutes the minutes from the public hearing held on October 26, 2004.

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OFFICE OF PLANNING STAFF PRESENT:

MAXINE BROWN-ROBERTS
JOEL LAWSON
STEPHEN MORDFIN
TRAVIS PARKER
KAREN THOMAS

D.C. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL STAFF PRESENT:

LORI MONROE, ESQ.

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PROCEEDINGS

Time: 9:43 a.m.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. I am going to call to order the 26 October 2004 Public Hearing of the Board of Zoning Adjustment of the District of Columbia.

My name is Geoff Griffis, Chairperson.

Joining me today is Vice Chair, Ms. Miller; representing the National Capital Planning Commission is Mr. Mann, and we are going to have our third and esteemed member, Mr. Etherly, shortly. He has been delayed temporarily this morning.

Copies of today's hearing agenda are available for you. They are located where you entered into the hearing room there on the wall. Please pick it up, and you can see where you are in the chronology of this morning's cases.

Several very important things I need to go through in our opening statements. First, all proceedings before the Board of Zoning Adjustment are recorded. Therefore, there are several things attendant to that.

fashions. One is the court reporter, sitting to my right on the floor, which is creating the official

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a summary order on this.

MS. BAILEY: Thank you, sir.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Now before we go, in terms of, Ms. Miller, your comment in terms of the applicant wasn't asking for the canopy -- Oh, I'm sorry, Mr. Mann indicated. They actually were. The original application was that. They decided to take it out because of a community comment is more my concern than anything else, and that is, look, the Board can make its own judgment. We want to hear from everybody else, but there is no reason why decisions should be made before they get to us. They can be, but they don't have to be, which is the only reason why I thought it important to bring up.

Very well. Let's move ahead. Anything else, procedural questions I can answer? Thank you all very much. Ms. Tyler, thank you. It's always good to see you.

Let's call the next case then.

MS. BAILEY: Application Number 17224 of JPI Apartments Development LP on behalf of Father Flanagan's Boys Home and others, pursuant to 11 DCMR 3103.2, for a variance from the lot occupancy requirements under section 772, and a variance from the residential recreation space requirements under

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MR. GLASGOW: Thank you. In proceeding with this case, the applicant and its representatives have been to several meetings with the community and with the Council member, and has received wholehearted support from the Capitol Hill community and the ANC on this project.

The applicant is proceeding before you today to request variances from the percentage of lot occupancy and the residential recreation space requirements of the C-2-B District.

This case represents an opportunity to develop -- redevelop a long under-utilized site at a critical location near a Metro station with a significant residential project containing 247 dwelling units and a grocery store for an underserved community.

The subject lot has a very large size, over 95,000 square feet, and is almost triangular in shape.

With respect to the percentage of lot occupancy variance, the applicant notes that this is a very technical area of relief, and is caused by the mixing of residential and commercial uses on the ground floor.

The ground floor has a lot occupancy of

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approximately 96 percent, whereas 100 percent lot occupancy would be permitted if only the grocery store and retail uses were located on the ground floor. The upper floors where residential dwelling units are located has a 72 percent lot occupancy, which is well within the regulation.

Mixing the two uses and maintaining the ability and flexibility to potentially convert the two existing townhouses along Pennsylvania Avenue to residential use and the location of residential recreation space on the ground floor are what necessitate the variance relief.

The applicant submits that the Statement of Applicant at pages 3 to 5 and the report of the Office of Planning adequately state the rational for the granting of the variance relief and how the three-prong test is met.

With respect to the residential recreation space requirement, the applicant is providing over 22,000 square feet of residential recreation space out of a requirement of approximately 40,000 square feet.

A review of the site plan will show the extensive outdoor residential recreation space provided in the interior courtyard which is approximately 17,000 square feet. There are also roof

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residential cannot occupy more than 80 percent of that first level, but the first level can be occupied 100 2 percent? MR. GLASGOW: That has not been the way it has been interpreted in the past. 5 6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: When? Now? Always? 7 MR. GLASGOW: Since I've been practicing, 8 which is 27 years. 9 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is that right? do you do a mixed use building? So you could never 10 have a mixed use building? 11 MR. GLASGOW: What they have done is they 12 recognize that you can have a residential lobby. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 15 MR. GLASGOW: But if you have anything 16 more than the lobby, then you having now are 17 residential use, and where -- There were two things that brought us into this. One is we want to maintain 18 19 the flexibility with respect to the townhouses to have 20 a residential unit on the ground floor. 21 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 22 MR. GLASGOW: Okay? So that, under any of interpretations, would necessitate a variance 23 the 24 relief. 25 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Why?

MR. GLASGOW: Because the ground floor is 96 percent lot occupancy.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But not residentially occupied at 96 percent.

MR. GLASGOW: Right. Well, what they did is --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Kind of funny to be arguing this direction, isn't it?

MR. GLASGOW: Okay. It's 772.1.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. GLASGOW: Okay. And it says no portion -- I'm sorry. In a commercial district, no building or portion of a building devoted to a residential use, including residential -- including accessory buildings but excluding hotels, shall occupy the lot upon which it is located in excess of the percentage of lot occupancy in the following table.

What they have said is, if you have dwelling units -- and I have had cases on this in the past that, if you have -- I think Billy Martin's Tavern, we had percentage of lot occupancy issue, and there were some others that, as soon as you put a residential unit on the ground floor, if you are over the 80 percent, you went to the Board.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. I see the

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issue or problem with what the Zoning Administrator did, you took your letter and you went to the Board. Now in the days of self-certification, if we think we may have an area of relief, we are going to ask for it, because we can't be in a position where we go through the Board, we hopefully are successful in our case, go back and then someone says you need a percentage of lot occupancy variance, and we are in there with our working drawings ready to get a permit.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. And that I understand. Does everybody understand that? Okay.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just also want to know, is there any legislative history on this provision as to how it should be interpreted?

MR. GLASGOW: Mr. Sher, do you want to respond to that?

MR. SHER: For the record, my name is Steven E. Sher, the Director of Zoning and Land Use Services with the law firm of Holland & Knight.

The only legislative history I know of that relates to this is when a CR District was created in 1974, they wrote a different provision in the regulations as it relates to lot occupancy for a specifically designed mixed use zone.

That provision basically says you can

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compute lot occupancy at the lowest plane at which residential uses begin. In other words, this doesn't say that. This just says, you know, lot occupancy is basically calculated at the ground.

In the CR District, it was written in that lot occupancy was calculated at the lowest plane where residential uses begin, and that was clearly taken to mean excluding the lobby or, in this case, residential recreation space. It was you go down to where people live, and that is the horizontal level at which you compute lot occupancy.

We thought we were enrolling in the code the practice that had been done before, but the regulations don't ever say that explicitly. So when the regs for commercial zones were changed in 1978, that provision was not updated.

So you got two somewhat different provisions in the regulations, and if Mr. Quinn were here, he would quote the Latin phrase about what is different and, I don't know -- You know the one. I don't know that one, but whatever. It's got to mean something different, if it says something different.

So whatever. As Mr. Glasgow says, we have always operated on the assumption that a building or a portion of a building could mean a horizontal

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separation, a vertical separation, but in this case you wind up with that piece of the -- and I guess I'm getting into what I would be saying later, but I'll say it now anyhow -- that piece of the building, which is just that little bit of residential recreation space, which is surrounded by other parts of the building that are commercial and nonresidential in use.

You can't sort of define a portion of the building around that residential recreation space and say, oh, that portion of the building complies with the 80 percent lot occupancy, because we are counting that residential recreation space against our residential gross floor area.

So we have residential use, even though it is not dwelling units, on the first floor where the rec space is, and we may even -- Though right now we have calculated the two existing townhouse structures in our commercial FAR, we want to be able to possibly convert those to residential, and they would be at that level now on those, and you can see them on the upper point of the triangle there.

There actually is some rear yard space around those and, if you took a portion of those two buildings, you might be able to come up with the right

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future development, as we are proposing a two-story underground parking garage with five stories above it.

As part of our change --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What are you doing with the old ones? What are you doing with the other ones?

MR. LIEBERT: Well, the two that we are saving are actually not part of the Boys Town. They are existing townhouses located on Pennsylvania Avenue.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So what is happening with all that? Can you gut them and ship them off to my neighborhood?

MR. LIEBERT: They salvaged -- They actually went through and took out all of the appliances, HVAC, tile, door trim, doors, windows.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: They are all going away?

MR. LIEBERT: They are pretty much chopped out now. When we did bring forward the grocery store, we realized we needed a little bit more land, and that is what drove us to buy the other two townhouses that are up there, which allowed for some increased parking for the grocery space.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see.

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1	MR. LIEBERT: That was what we thought was
2	the biggest challenge, is making sure we had enough
3	parking so we didn't disrupt the community in that.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: The grocery stores
5	at grade entrance level parking. Is that correct?
6	MR. LIEBERT: They want some. So
7	generally speaking, they want all.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Generally speaking,
9	grocery stores want, you know, a sea of parking around
10	the front of the box in the middle.
11	MR. LIEBERT: Correct.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And you are finding
13	in this specific case with who you signed a lease with
14	that they also would like to maximize the parking
15	adjacent to the entrance or on the same level?
16	MR. LIEBERT: Correct.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. Okay. What
18	else?
19	MR. LIEBERT: So we have here, if I can
20	get up and point to the project here Does this
21	work? Is this on?
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I think it was on.
23	MR. LIEBERT: It was on. All right. We
24	have Potomac Avenue on this side of the board,
25	Pennsylvania Avenue. These are the two townhouses.
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We acquired the townhouses. We are going to keep the existing townhouses and expand the parking underneath the building in the rear, underneath the grocery store.

The located grocery store is the intersection of Potomac and Pennsylvania. is accessed off of Potomac Avenue, as we have a very large expanse of right of way that we can advantage of versus a very limited amount on Pennsylvania Avenue.

We have retail at the corner which will be separate from the grocery space. We have additional retail located further down on Potomac Avenue, and this is where our residential amenities will be located, as he has shown there.

We have access to the retail parking in the middle of the site in which they can park directly underneath this building and walk across, and then the access to the residential parking is located here. And then they dive down underneath the retail parking so that it is segregated and private.

Our access again for residential for the condominiums is going to be at this location. Where you come in, we will have a lobby, business center, fitness center, community amenities, and that opens up

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BOARD MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Ms. Miller?

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Could you just clarify for me about the rowhouses? There are rowhouses that you are not sure whether you are going to use them residentially or commercially?

MR. GLASGOW: We want to have the option.

They are presently commercially used. We want to have the option to either put back residential use or to continue to use them commercially.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. And the large tract review process: Is the ultimate approval by Office of Planning or is it by another entity?

MR. GLASGOW: Well, in the large tract regulations, the Office of Planning is called the lead agency for the review, and so they coordinate the -- They disseminate information, get information back, and then ultimately what you get is a letter from the Director of the Office of Planning upon the completion of the large tract review process.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Anything else?

Good. Let's move on. Anything else, Mr. Glasgow?

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MR. GLASGOW: That concludes the applicant's direct presentation.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank you. Let's move on to the Office of Planning. Mr. Lawson is with us, and a very good afternoon to you, sir.

MR. LAWSON: Good afternoon. Thank you,
Mr. Chair, members of the Board. My name is Joel
Lawson. I am with the D.C. Office of Planning.

Very briefly, this 2.2 acres subject site is located at the intersection of Pennsylvania and Potomac Avenues. The property is zoned C-2-B. I would like to point out a small correction in my report. I think the report noted that the entire square is zoned C-2-B. Actually, portions of the square are zoned R-4 and -- sorry, R-4 and C-2-A, but the subject property is entirely zoned C-2-B.

Most the existing development on the site other than the two rowhouses on Pennsylvania Avenue would be removed. The applicant is proposing to construct a new five-story building with two levels of underground parking.

There would be predominantly retail uses on the ground floor, including the new grocery store, parking and loading facilities. On the upper floors

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would be 247 residential units facing out at the streets or an internal landscaped courtyard.

The rowhouses, according to the applicant, would be retained as either commercial or residential use.

As has been noted, variances to lot occupancy and residential recreation space requirements are requested.

With regard to lot occupancy, the zone permits a maximum of 80 percent for a building or portions of the building devoted to a residential use and 100 percent for a commercial building.

The predominantly commercial ground floor would have a lot occupancy of 96 percent, whereas the residential upper floors have a lot occupancy of 72 percent, mainly due to the large internal courtyard.

The zoning regulations state that lot occupancy is calculated on a horizontal plane located at the lowest level where residential uses begin.

Although the ground floor is almost entirely commercial, it does include the two existing rowhouses on Pennsylvania Avenue that are to be retained and which may be residential.

Technically then, a variance is required as the development includes a very small amount of

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potential residential on the ground floor, and the ground floor has a lot occupancy of 96 percent, which is greater than the maximum permitted.

With regard to residential recreation space, the zone requires that an area equivalent to 15 percent of total residential area be devoted to residential recreation space. The applicant is proposing just over half this required amount, again most of it in a large landscaped courtyard.

OP feels that the application meets the variance test for both lot occupancy and for residential recreation space. The proposal further has overall goals and objectives for this area in accordance to zoning regulations in terms of use and building bulk.

Retention of the two rowhouses will help the new development fit in with the streetscape along Pennsylvania and minimize the potential direct impacts of the new development on other existing rowhouse owners and occupants further up the street.

The proposed recreation space is easily accessible and of a configuration which should appeal to new residents, and there are remaining opportunities for other forms of recreation in the general area.

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The applicant notes that the ANC has unanimously voted to support this application at its meeting of September 14, 2004. No other District agency has noted opposition to the proposal. DDOT had discussions with the applicant leading to an acceptable design from their standpoint for both parking and loading.

The Fire Department and WASA raised issues of a technical nature that will be dealt with at the permit stage as a standard practice, and as the applicant has noted, there will be another opportunity to address issues with both DDOT and these other departments through the large tract review process, which is underway even as we speak.

The proposal represents the provision of new housing and significant retail, particularly a new grocery store, to this part of the Capitol Hill neighborhood. OP believes that the proposal conforms to our planning initiatives. As such OP recommends approval of the application, subject to -- We originally recommended subject to satisfaction of the DDOT concerns regarding loading timing. OP would have no concerns, as suggested by the applicant, that those would be more appropriately dealt with through the large tract review process.

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This concludes my presentation, and I am available for questions. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Thank you very much,
Mr. Lawson. Excellent report. Let's go into
questions from the Board.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Lawson, I'd be interested in your view on 772.1. Like some other of our regulations, just reading the plain words of the regulation, sometimes they can be read in different ways. I want to know if you think that -- if you have an opinion about reading it in this way, that the Chairman was getting at earlier: In a commercial district that no portion of a building devoted to a residential use shall occupy the lot upon which it is located in excess of the percentage of lot occupancy in the following table, meaning you would look at the percentage that is devoted to residential use, and that that percentage not exceed what is in the table?

MR. LAWSON: Well, first I would note that the Zoning Administrator makes interpretations, not the Office of Planning, but I would state that we support the variance. We think that the variance that is being requested meets the test.

We felt that, for example, without the two

NEAL R. GROSS

rowhouses that the application would meet the lot occupancy requirements and that the ground floor would just include sort of nonliving residential space.

We also think that the definition of lot occupancy in Section 199 also relates to this issue where it talks about how lot occupancy may be measured at the lowest level where residential begins, and that is what kind of -- we felt kind of kicks the ground floor into counting as residential space. Rightly or wrongly, that has been the interpretation up until now.

I'm not sure that we would object to a different interpretation, but that would come from the Zoning Administrator.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It's an interesting interpretation, looking at the waterfront and the mixed use, that it is from the first floor that the residential begins. But wouldn't you think that that is where the residential units begin?

MR. LAWSON; I wouldn't disagree with that interpretation and, as I said, you know, the reason that we feel that this application -- that the lot occupancy regulations kick in in this case is because of the potential residential on the ground floor.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Okay, and

NEAL R. GROSS

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COUNTIMBIA OFFICE OF PLANNING



Office of the Director

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Board of Zoning Adjustment

FROM:

Andrew Altman, Director

DATE:

October 19, 2004

SUBJECT:

BZA Case #17224, Variance Request

I. OFFICE OF PLANNING RECOMMENDATION-IN-BRIEF

The Office of Planning recommends approval of this application, with the condition that grocery store loading be limited to the AM period to minimize Pennsylvania Avenue traffic disruptions.

II. APPLICATION-IN-BRIEF

Location

Potomac Avenue SE and Pennsylvania Avenue SE

Square 1045, Lots 132-137 & 834, 835, 838, 829; Ward 6B

Applicant:

Holland & Knight LLP for JPI Apartment Development LP & Father

Flanagan's Boys Home Et Al

Zoning:

C-2-B

Within the Capitol Hill Business Improvement District; the Potomac Avenue Metro Station Development Area; and the Pennsylvania Avenue SE Housing

Opportunity Area

Proposal:

Construction of a new mixed residential / commercial project.

Relief Sought:

Variances from §772 lot occupancy and §773 residential recreation space

requirements, pursuant to §3103.

III. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The applicant is proposing to replace most of the existing development on this site with a new 5 story building containing mostly commercial on the ground floor (including a new grocery supermarket) and over 250 residences above. A variance to lot occupancy and a variance to residential recreation space requirements are requested. OP feels that the proposal furthers planning initiatives for this location by providing an influx of new residential units as well as highly desirable retail space. The applicant has adequately met the variance tests, and requiring full conformity would not appear to provide any significant benefit to new residents or the surrounding neighborhood. As such, OP recommends approval, with minor conditions outlined at the end of this report.

IV. AREA AND SITE DESCRIPTION – Refer to Location Plan Attachment I, Site Plan Attachment II, and Context Photos Attachment III

The property is within the triangularly shaped Square 1045, bound by 13th Avenue SE to the west; Pennsylvania Avenue SE to the north; and Potomac Avenue SE to the south. Much of the square is

BZA
Case No. 17224

developed with rowhouse dwellings, many of which contain commercial businesses. There are a number of 4-6 story apartment buildings in the vicinity. The square is adjacent to but not within the Capitol Hill Historic District, and within the Potomac Avenue Metro Development Area and the Capitol Hill Business Improvement District (BID). There is an elementary school directly across Potomac Avenue SE from the site.

The 95,000 square feet (2.2 acre) subject site is located at the intersection of Pennsylvania and Potomac Avenues. It is mainly currently undeveloped with buildings, although there are some rowhouses along Pennsylvania and new rowhouses along Potomac Avenue SE. Most of the existing development, other than two rowhouses currently occupied by commercial uses on Pennsylvania Avenue, would be demolished. The site is relatively flat, and roughly triangular in shape.

V. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The owners propose to construct a new 5 story apartment building with 2 levels of underground parking; predominantly retail uses on the ground floor, including a new grocery store, parking, and loading facilities; and 256 residential units above. The residential units would face either the streets or an internal courtyard, located on top of ground floor retail and parking space. The highest point of the building at the corner of Pennsylvania and Potomac Avenues would have a height of 65 feet. Adjacent to existing rowhouses on Pennsylvania Avenue, the proposed building steps down to approximately 55 feet in height.

VI. AREA PLANNING

The site is within the Potomac Avenue Metro Station Development Area, and supports the Comprehensive Plan policy for the provision of "mixed use development of designated Metrorail station areas outside the Central Employment Area at appropriate levels of intensity and use to make full use of the public transportation opportunities that the stations provide and to increase Metrorail ridership" (Comp Plan §1136.1(a)). The site is also within the Pennsylvania Avenue SE Housing Opportunity Area and the Capitol Hill Business Improvement District, so a mixed retail / residential development as proposed is consistent with planning objectives for the general area. The site is adjacent to, but not within the Capitol Hill Historic District. The development is generally consistent with the Comprehensive Plan Generalized Land Use Map designation for the site as moderate density residential (row houses and garden apartments as predominant uses) with moderate density commercial (drug stores, grocery stores, personal service and specialty shops) along Pennsylvania Avenue SE.

VII. AREA ZONING - C-2-B

The property and the remainder of the square are zoned C-2-B, which permits a moderate density mixed commercial / residential development to a height of 65 feet. The proposed uses and density of development are consistent with this zoning.

VIII. REQUESTED VARIANCE RELIEF (refer to Project Profile, Attachment IV)

The applicant has requested the following variance relief pursuant to §3103:

	Zoning Regulation:	Proposed:
1.	Lot Occupancy: (§772) – 80% max.	96% at ground level; 72% for upper floors

The zone permits a maximum lot occupancy of 80% for a building or portion of a building devoted to a residential use. There is no lot occupancy requirement for a commercial building, so lot occupancy of 100% would be possible. In this case, development is proposed to be predominantly commercial on the ground floor (other than residential entry lobby and some recreation space), with residential above. However, the applicant is proposing as part of this redevelopment to retain two existing rowhouses along Pennsylvania Avenue, located directly adjacent to other off-site rowhouses, which could include residential on the ground floor.

The Zoning Regulations definition for "lot occupancy" states that "...in the Waterfront and Mixed Use Districts (which OP understands has been interpreted to include the commercial zones) ... the percentage of lot occupancy may be calculated on a horizontal plane located at the lowest level where residential uses begin" (§199.1). As noted, the upper floors are proposed to be entirely devoted to residential uses and provide a lot occupancy of 72%, less than the maximum permitted. The ground floor is almost entirely commercial, but also includes two existing rowhouses on Pennsylvania Avenue at the north end of the site. Like most or all of the rowhouses on this section of the block, these buildings are currently used by commercial businesses, rather than as residential units, but they were originally designed as residential and could be utilized for that purpose again. Technically, then, as the development includes some potential residential on the ground floor, and the ground floor has a lot occupancy of 96%, greater than the maximum permitted, a variance is required. OP is of the opinion that, were the existing rowhouses to be utilized for commercial purposes on their ground floors (which is permitted under the C-2-B zoning), the lot occupancy variance would not be required as the ground floor would not include any residential living space, and the project as a whole would meet the definition for percentage of lot occupancy.

Does the property exhibit specific uniqueness with respect to exceptional shape, narrowness, shallowness, topography or other extraordinary or other exceptional situations or conditions?

Yes. The property is irregularly shaped, with extensive frontage on two relatively major streets for which significant retail frontage directly on the street is desired. There is relatively limited "rear" area on this site. The applicant also notes that the proposed land use – a major grocery store – provides an additional exceptional condition in its need for loading areas and some ground level parking. Finally, the retention of the two rowhouses, which will help the development fit in with the existing streetscape, presents an additional unique circumstance, in that they disproportionately impact zoning requirements in terms of lot occupancy by decreasing lot occupancy from 100% to 80% maximum.

Does the extraordinary or exceptional situation impose a practical difficulty that is unnecessarily burdensome to the applicant?

Yes. The irregular shape and extensive frontage on two relatively major streets creates a practical difficulty in that they collectively limit design and desired use options. To meet lot occupancy requirements, either the size of the ground floor would have to be significantly reduced, potentially eliminating the grocery store desired by the neighborhood, or the small amount of potential residential space on the ground floor would have to be eliminated. Significant retail frontage directly on the street is preferred, so on-site parking (which would be open, undeveloped space not counting in lot occupancy) adjacent to the street has been discouraged by OP and the neighborhood.

The retention of the two rowhouses disproportionately impacts zoning requirements in terms of lot occupancy, in that this mandates that the proposal conform to the 80% lot occupancy requirement on this level, creating additional practical difficulty.

Can the relief be granted without substantial detriment to the public good and without substantially impairing the intent, purpose and integrity of the Zoning Regulations and Map?

Yes. The proposal furthers overall goals and objectives for this area, and conforms to zoning regulations in terms of use and building bulk. The residential component conforms to the lot occupancy requirement (even though it is above grade), while the overwhelmingly commercial ground floor conforms to the intent of zoning regulations, which permit 100% lot occupancy in this zone, in part to encourage a consistent streetscape and continuous retail and residential street-walls. The technical requirement for the lot occupancy variance is the result of addressing streetscape and neighborhood planning initiative issues, to a greater degree than a strict adherence to zoning regulations might do. Retention of the two rowhouses will help the new development fit in with the streetscape and minimize potential direct impacts of the new development on existing rowhouse owners and occupants.

	Zoning Regulation:	Proposed:
2.	Residential Rec. Space (§773) – 15% min. of residential area = 40,131 sq.ft.	8.4% (22,550 sq.ft. of which 17,815 sq.ft. is outdoor space)

The zone requires that an area equivalent to 15% of total residential area be devoted to residential recreation space. Of this, at least 50% is required to be outdoor space. The applicant is proposing just over half of this required amount, including recreation space as part of an entry lobby on the ground floor, which, if properly designed and programmed, would enliven the streetscape; some small enclosed areas and a portion of the courtyard area on the 1A and second levels (on top of the grocery store and parking); and three small terraces on the 4th floor, accessible to all residents.

The Office of Planning is currently in the process of drafting, for Zoning Commission consideration, changes to the residential recreation regulations at the request of the BZA and the Zoning Commission. While desirable in some locations, residential recreation space requirements can be seen to potentially work contrary to broader planning and neighborhood revitalization efforts, such as economic revitalization of neighborhoods; safe and vibrant streets though greater pedestrian activity; and increased use of existing recreations opportunities such as community centers, parks, libraries, etc. Although the exact circumstances differ for each case, the BZA has received numerous recent requests for recreation space relief, and has heard frequent testimony as part of these applications that such recreation space can limit opportunities for better uses within buildings (residential, retail, parking), and that the new residents often do not highly value or frequently use recreation space. The space is underutilized, but costly to construct and maintain. Preliminary OP analysis of past recreations space variance requests indicates that the proposed development provides a greater percentage of residential recreation space than the average for developments requesting a similar variance (5.8% provided on average as opposed to 8.4% proposed in this case).

Does the property exhibit specific uniqueness with respect to exceptional shape, narrowness, shallowness, topography or other extraordinary or other exceptional situations or conditions?

Yes. The property is irregularly shaped, being roughly triangular. The commercial ground floor provides only very limited opportunities for either open or enclosed recreation space as it is almost entirely devoted to desired retail and the accompanying the loading and parking space.

Does the extraordinary or exceptional situation impose a practical difficulty that is unnecessarily burdensome to the applicant?

Yes. The irregular shape and extensive frontage create a practical difficulty in that they limit design and desired use options. This difficulty is compounded by the commercial ground floor use, as encouraged by broader planning initiatives and the local community. Ground level space that might otherwise be available for recreation space is devoted to the provision of active ground floor retail (and the accompanying parking and loading requirements) with desirable street frontages. Also in conformance with broader area planning objectives, such as the Potomac Avenue Metro Development Area, the applicant is maximizing the amount of residential at this location, and additional recreation space would not appear to be readily possible without eliminating residential units. The applicant is not providing access to the roof, and is instead providing a sloped roof that is in design character with the moderate density residential area. As such, rooftop recreation space is not being provided. Given the location and the desire for an active streetscape and the presence of existing recreation opportunities in the area, the desirability or usability of additional recreation space is questionable, and its provision would be unnecessarily burdensome with little if any community benefit.

Can the relief be granted without substantial detriment to the public good and without substantially impairing the intent, purpose and integrity of the Zoning Regulations and Map?

The majority of the proposed recreation space is easily accessible and of a configuration which would have some appeal to new residents. The amenity space / entry shown on the ground floor will provide an elegant and defined sense of entry to the residential portion of the building. There are many recreation space opportunities in the general area, and, as noted above, OP is in the process of drafting a proposal to amend, and likely lessen, the recreation space requirements.

IX. COMMUNITY COMMENTS

The applicant notes that the ANC unanimously voted to support this application at its meeting of September 14, 2004.

X. OTHER AGENCY COMMENTS (refer to Attachment V)

The District Department of Transportation (DDOT) noted that they met with the applicant. The applicant agreed to a series of design modifications related to parking and loading access, and DDOT accepts the locations and configurations now proposed. DDOT further notes that the applicant has agreed to a delivery restriction, to limit grocery store deliveries to the AM period only, which should be incorporated into the final order. DDOT also recommends further discussion regarding the provision of a safer and more convenient off-site connection between the development and the Metro Station. The Fire and Emergency Medical Services Department (FEMS) notes concern with the locations of fire hydrants and access to the site; issues which will be reviewed as part of the Building Permit process. The Department of Employment Services (DOES) notes that a First Source Employment Agreement to ensure that District residents receive 51% of the jobs created by this project has not been signed by the applicant; while such a requirement is standard of a PUD, it is not

germane to the requested variances. The District Water and Sewer Authority notes that existing storm water, water and sanitary sewer services will require evaluation to evaluate impact of the new development on the capacity of these systems – upgrades may be necessary. This engineering evaluation normally occurs at the Building Permit stage.

OP has not received comments on this application from any other District agency.

XI. OP SUMMARY RECOMMENDATION

The proposal represents the provision of much needed additional housing and significant retail – particularly a new grocery store – to this part of the Capitol Hill neighborhood. OP believes that the proposal conforms to broader planning initiatives to a greater degree than would a solution that fully conformed to zoning regulations. The applicant has sufficiently met the variance tests. As such, OP recommends approval of this application.

OP further recommends the following condition be included in the Order:

• In conformance with the DDOT recommendation, grocery store loading be limited to the AM period to minimize Pennsylvania Avenue traffic disruptions.

OP further encourages the applicant to continue discussion with DDOT on the provision of a safer and more easily negotiable connection between the site and the Potomac Avenue Metro Station.

AA/jl

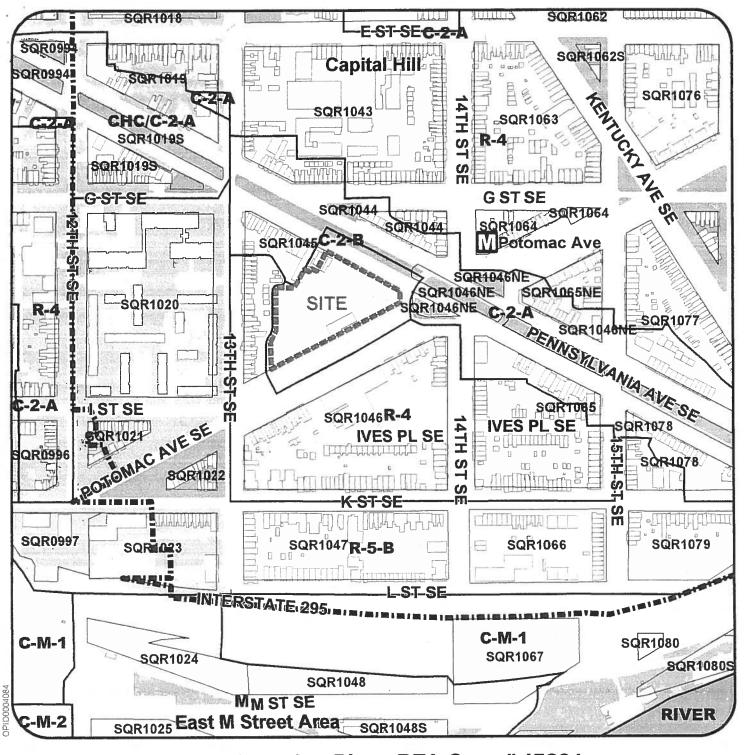
ATTACHMENTS:

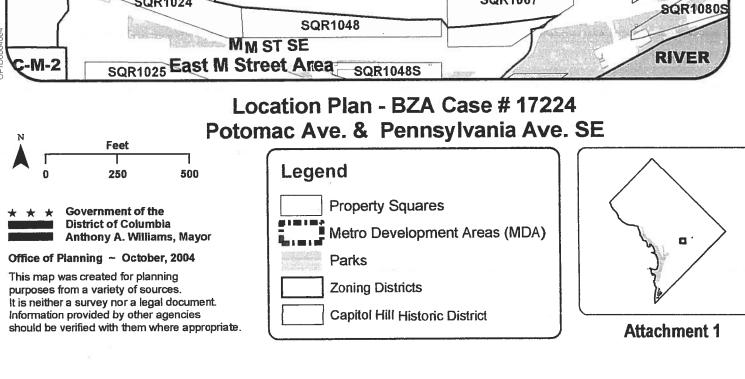
I. Context Plan

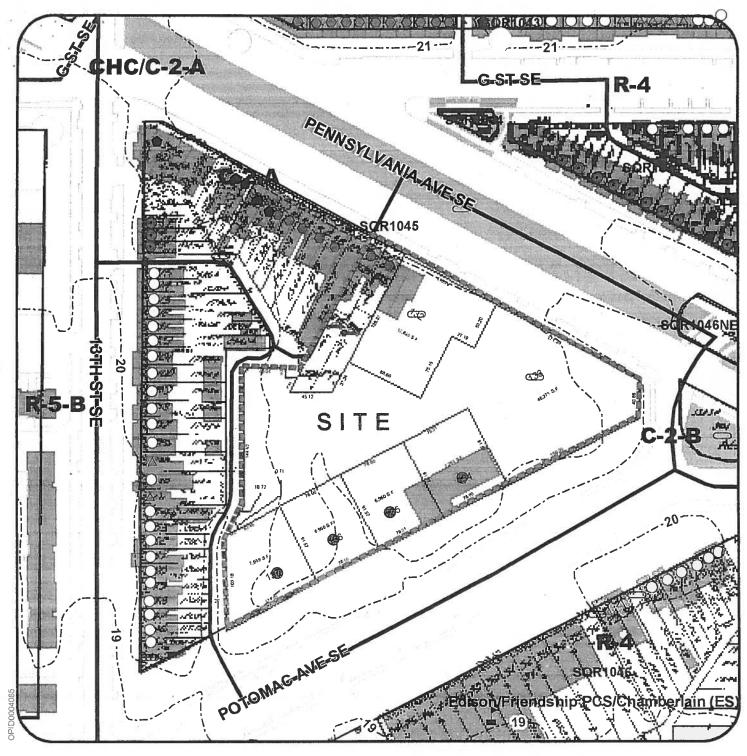
II. Site Plan

III. Context Photos

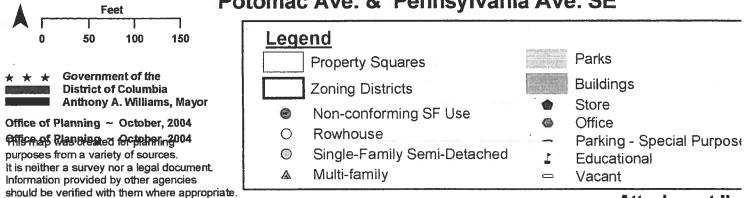
IV. Project Profile



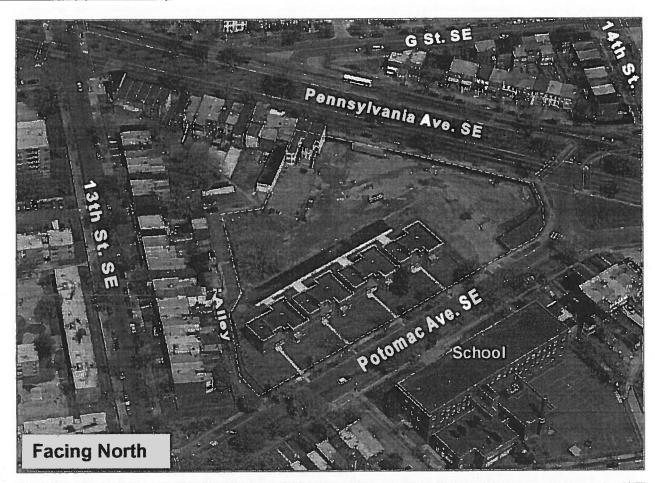








Attachment II





X:\DEVELOPMENT REVIEW\BZA\17200-17299\17224 Potomac & Penn\17224 - report I photos.doc

Standard	C-2-B Zone Regulations	Existing / Proposed ¹	Relief
Development Type:	Commercial / residential	Low rise residential with ground floor retail	Conforming
Lot Area:	n/a²	95,047 sq.ft.	Conforming
Height: (§770)	65' max.	65 ft. max.	Conforming
Floor Area Ratio: (§771)	Residential – 3.5 max. Non-residential – 1.5 max.	total = 3.48; non-residential = .55 FAR	Conforming
Square Footage:	Residential –332,665 sq.ft. max. Non-res'l – 142,571 sq.ft. max. Total – 332,665 sq.ft. max.	Residential – 275,933 sq.ft. Commercial – 52,538 sq.ft. Total – 328,471 sq.ft.	Conforming
Lot Occupancy: (§772)	80% max. for residential use	96% at ground level; 72% for upper floors	Variance required
Residential Rec. Space (§773)	15% min., 40,131 sq.ft. min.	8.4% = 22,550 sq.ft. 17,815 sq.ft. outdoor	Variance required
Rear Yard: (§774)	15 ft. min.	15 ft.	Conforming
Side Yard: (§405)	Not required	0 ft.	Conforming
Parking: (§2101.1)	Res. $-1/3$ units = 85 min. Retail = $1/750$ sq.ft. $> 3,000 = 63$ Total = 148	Res. = 246 Retail = 184 Total = 430, undergound ³	Conforming
Loading (§2201):	7		
Loading Berths:	Res. = 1 @ 55' deep Retail = 1 @ 30' + 1 @ 55' deep	Res. = 1 @ 55' deep Retail = 1 @ 30' + 1 @ 55' deep	Conforming ⁴
Loading Platforms:	Res. = 1 @ 200 sq.ft. Retail = 1 @ 100 sq.ft. + 1 @ 200 sq.ft.	Res. = 1 @ 200 sq.ft. Retail = 1 @ 100 sq.ft. + 1 @ 200 sq.ft.	Conforming⁴

Information provided by the applicant. No minimum lot area or width prescribed. 2

Accessed from Potomac Avenue.

Conforming if all retail utilizes grocery store loading / service area.

Agency Comments

Fire and Emergency Medical Services Department (FEMS) (letter attached)

Department of Employment Services (DOES)(letter attached)

District Water and Sewer Authority (WASA) (letter attached)

DC Department of Transportation (DDOT) (via email)

DDOT has met with the applicants. Some changes to the corner radius from the driveway to Pennsylvania were requested, in order to keep the trucks from swinging into travel lanes, and the applicant appears to have complied in the submitted plans. They also agreed to restrictions on the timing of deliveries, to the AM period only (the east-bound traffic on Pennsylvania is very light). We should insist upon these restrictions.

DDOT discouraged the creation of an internal access driveway on Potomac Avenue for apartment residents which the applicant has also complied with, providing a lay-by instead, which DDOT supports.

Although the proposal includes the provision of a lot of parking, it will be needed for the grocery shoppers, and, due to the proximity to the Metro station, it is anticipated that the residents will not have to use their cars on a regular basis. However, further discussions with DDOT are encouraged to address pedestrian circulation between the site and the metro station, which is a particularly difficult crossing for pedestrians.



GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FIRE AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES DEPARTMENT WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001



MEMORANDUM

TO:

Arthur Jackson

Development Review Specialist

Office of Planning

FROM:

Gary L. Palmer \

Acting Fire Marshal

DATE:

September 14, 2004

SUBJECT:

BZA Case No. 17224

The D.C. Fire and EMS Department has reviewed the above case.

The applicant proposes to construct a multi-unit residential building with retail on the ground level and two variances, lot occupancy and amount on residential recreation space.

We concerned about the locations of the fire hydrants and fire department access roads into the mixed-use project and would like to review the locations of the above-mentioned items, along with the locations of all fire department standpipe and sprinkler connections.

If you have any questions concerning this review, please contact my office at 727-3659.

ATTACHMENT I

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Department of Employment Services

Office of Employer Services



MEMORANDUM

TO:

Joel Lawson

Development Review Specialist

Office of Planning

FROM:

Margaret V. Wright

Acting Associate Director Office of Employer Services

DATE:

SEP 3 0 2004

SUBJECT:

Review of Zoning Commission Case 17224 – Mixed Use Development at

Potomac and Pennsylvania Avenues SE

As requested, the Department of Employment Services (DOES) has reviewed Zoning Commission Case 17224, which is a proposed mixed used development to be constructed at Potomac Avenue and Pennsylvania Avenue, SE.

The Applicant, JPI Apartment Development, L.P., plans to construct a multi-unit residential building with retail space (including a grocery store) on the ground level. In addition to the retail space, the project will include approximately 430 underground parking spaces.

In evaluating the application, JPI Apartment Development, L.P. did not sign a First Source Employment Agreement to ensure that District residents receive 51% of the new jobs created by this project. This employer must enter into a First Source Employment Agreement with DOES in order for the application request to be considered.

It is advised that JPI Apartment Development, L.P. contact Vernell Jordan at (202) 698-5774 or vernell.jordan@dc.gov for assistance in acquiring and completing the First Source Employment Agreement.

ATTACHMENT I



DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SEWER AND WATER AUTHORITY

5000 OVERLOOK AVE SW, WASHINGTON, DC 20032

MEMORANDUM:

October 04, 2004

To:

Joel Lawson, Development Review Planner

DC Office of Planning

Thru:

Jodye Russell, Supervisor

Planning Section

From:

Kamlesh Parekh, P.E.

Civil Engineer

Subject:

Zoning Commission Case # BZA Case 17224

Potomac and Pennsylvania Avenue, S.E.

Thank you for giving us an opportunity to review the subject project. The District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority (DCWASA) has reviewed the information for the above referenced project. We offer the following comments:

Storm Sewer Requirements: Capacity of the existing storm sewers must be evaluated because proposed zoning will change the existing land use from C-2B zone to fully developed five story mixed-use residential building with urban setting. This land use change will increase surface runoff, pollutant load as well as peak flow. If the existing 12-inch combined sewer on Pennsylvania Avenue and 10 inch combined sewer on Potomac Avenue SE do not have adequate hydraulic capacity, an on-site storage of storm water for quantity control and a structure for storm water quality control will be required.

<u>Water Requirements:</u> The existing 8-inch water main on Pennsylvania Avenue and the 8-inch water line on Potomac Avenue may not have adequate water capacity for fire protection (65 feet height of the building) and daily uses. Pressure and flow tests of the existing water mains will be required to assess availability of water. Also, water flow requirements for fire protection will be needed to evaluate impact of the new development on the water system.

<u>Sanitary Sewer Requirements:</u> In order to evaluate adequacy of the sanitary sewer, you will need to provide future average and maximum daily wastewater flow from the new development.

If you have any question, please feel free to contact Kamlesh Parekh at 202-787-2415 or e-mail at kparekh@dcwasa.com

•	- V - 2				
Form 135 - (Revised 03/15				Case No	
	ZONING S	SELF-CEF	RTIFICATION	FORM	* * *
	Project Address(es)	Square	134 155 136	Zone District(s)	ANC(s)(Single Member District(s)
1308 1310	Potomac 0,1312,1314 Ave SEDC	1045	132, 133	C-aB	6807
'	5 Dennsylvania Ave SEDC	1045	834 835	C-aB	6807
			838 839	C-2B	6807
		CERTIF	<u>ICATION</u>		经验证据的证明的
The undersign matter pursua	ned agent hereby certifies that the fortion	ollowing zonin	g relief is required fro	om the Board of	f Zoning Adjustment in this
Relief Sought	□ §3103.2 - Use V	ariance 🛛	§3103.2 - Area V	riance 🗆	§3104.1-Special Exception
Pursuant to Su	bsections	Se	ction 773		
(1) the age (2) the age	DCMR §3113.2, the undersigned a nt is duly licensed to practice law or nt is currently in good standing and licant is entitled to apply for the variance.	architecture in otherwise entitle	the District of Colum ed to practice law or a	architecture in th	ne District of Columbia; and ed in the application.
zoning relief to of occupancy, by the Board of permit, certification.	ned agent and owner acknowledge the from that which is self-certified in or or other administrative determination of Zoning Adjustment does not constation, or determination.	der to obtain, for based upon to titute a Board for the dege that any p	or the above-reference he Zoning Regulation inding that the relief so person aggrieved by the	ed project, any b s and Map. Any ought is the relie the issuance of an	uilding permit, certificate approval of the application f required to obtain such y permit, certificate, or
grounds that a The undersign Regulatory A	for which the requested zoning relief is dditional or different zoning relief is ted agent and owner hereby hold the ffairs harmless from any liability for	s required. District of Col	umbia Office of Zonir	ng and Departmo	ent of Consumer and
	ng Adjustment.				D
The undersign	ed owner hereby authorizes the und	ersigned agent	to act on the owner's		
Non	Owner's Signature		For Fatur F	Owner's Name (Plea フヘハムリ へんじ	Boy) AMET
(Mu	Agent's Signature		MERAL	Agent's Name (Plea	
Date	D.C. Bar No		1.7 (2004) 5.7 (1004)	chifect ration No.	ARC 100344
The second second second	18 13 s 3 for Prince Of Salar Andrie	END HORSON SERVICE CONTROL	G DETERMINATIO		
		Value of the last	e 11 §3113.2)		
7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	view of the application and self-cer	ification, this a	pplication is		
	Accepted for filing.		NU		FO (D
	Referred to the Office of the 2 determination of proper zoning rel		istrator, Department	of Consumer a	nd Regulatory Affairs, for
	Rejected for failure to comply with	h the provision	s of	BZA	, , ,
	DCMR Title 11 §3113.2; or	r	Case N	No. 170	224
	☐ DCMR Title 11 Zoning Re	gulations.			7
	Explanation		Exhib	If 140.	8 19 19
Signature				Date	0 53
	ss, FAIA – Director		441 4th Si		10-S, Washington, D.C. 20001
	umbia Office of Zoning				072 fax * www.dcoz.dc.gov

Height (ft. to the tenth)	Court Closed (width by depth in ft.)	Court, Open (width by depth in ft.)	Side Yard (ft. to the tenth)	Rear Yard (ft. to the tenth)	Front Yard (ft. to the tenth)	Loading Berths (number and size in ft.)	Parking Spaces (number)	Floor Area Ratio (FAR) (ft. to the tenth)	Lot Occupancy (building area/lot area)	Lot Width (ft. to the tenth)	Lot Area (sq. ft.)	ITEM	 Complete one self-certification form for each application filed. Present this form with the Form 120 N.W., Suite 210, Washington, D.C. 2001. 	1. All self-certification applications shall be made on Form 135. All certification forms must be completely filled out (front and back) and be typewritten or printed legibly. All information shall be furnished by the applicant. If additional space is necessary, use separate sheets of paper to complete this form.	Any request for self-certification that is not completed in accordance with the following instructions shall		Side 2
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	247	95,047 SF	EXISTING CONDITIONS	n form for each applicat D.C. 2001.	ons shall be made on Fo on shall be furnished by	at is not completed in a		
	60' and 50'		0	15'	0	2-30'; 2-55'; 2-20'	150					MINIMUM REQUIRED	ion filed. Present this for	rm 135. All certification f the applicant. If additiona	ccordance with the follow	INSTRUCTIONS	
65'								3.5	80% residential uses			MAXIMUM	n with the Form 120 Applicat	orms must be <u>completely</u> fille il space is necessary, use sepa	ing instructions shall not be accepted.	TIONS	
65'		N/A	0	15'	0	2-30'; 2-55'; 2-20'	430	3.48	96% - ground level 72% - upper levels			PROVIDED BY PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION	Application to the Office of Zoning, 441 4th Street,	d out (front and back) and be rate sheets of paper to comple	ccepted.		
									16% - ground level			VARIANCE Deviation/Percent	414 th Street,	typewritten or te this form.			

-

JENKINS ROW

7/16/2004 SK (1 Architectural Design Group, LLC

(3.5)	FAR 3.48 Site Area 95.047	Totals 263,442			Level-2 66,721	Level-1 66,721	Level-1A 12,239	Ground floor	<u>G1</u>	G2	Floor Residential	
,665 933 833		8,395						8,395			Residential Resid. Amen. Harris Teeter	
		46,778					1,139	45,639			Harris Teeter	
52,538		5,760						5,760			Retail	Solionoline
		1,846						1,846			Entrance	Indian Prince
		4,096				2,048	Į.	2,048			Entrance Townhouse	
		200,235						24,655	87,790	87,790	Garage	COLO.
		515,475	51,040	66,721	66,721	68,769		88,343	86,979	86,902	Gross area	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
		330,317	51,040	66,721	66,721	68,769	13,378	63,688	0	0	FAR area	THE REAL PROPERTY.
		430							190	200	Parking spaces	が 一般 は からから からから からから からから からから からから からから か

everything at	including	lot coverage	0.4
96%		91,071	01 071

lot coverage at residential above 68,769

72%